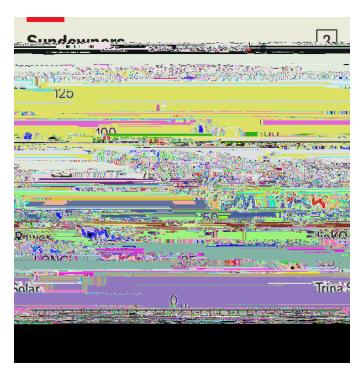
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Cha t: The Economist

So fa, howeve, the ea e few signs of an end to China's ove capacit p oblem. Despite financial p essu e f om falling p ices, the indust 's la gest companies continue to upg ade thei technolog and expand thei output in an effo t to keep thei ma ginal costs below those of thei competito s. Wood Mackenzie fo ecasts that China's sola indust will expand capacit to nea I 1,700gw b 202 (see chat).

## **Cloud cover**

State suppot fo the indust is contibuting to the suppl glut. Fo decades leade s of municipal and povincial gove nments in China have sought to build local sola indust ies that hie fom thei populations and contibute taxes. Suppot comes in a valiet of foms, including feeland, fee electicit, interest-fee loans and access to cutting-edge technologies, notes Usha Hale of Wichita State Universit. She eckons all this adds up to about 5% of a sola compan's costs, on average, but could be as high as 5% in some cases.

The e a e signs such suppo t has been g owing mo e gene ous, notes Ms Hale. Some local gove nments a e financing and building sola facto ies that the then lease and late sell. Man will be tempted to step in to p event local sola champions f om going unde. That is espe

ggests a pe iod of consolidation looms fo China's sola indust. Jenn Chase of gNEF, a esea chig oup, has seen this plai out before. "The ela e slight profits, then iods of terrible margins, then bank uptcies and exits. We call it the sola coaste." na eventual catch up with supplinas lower module prices encourage developes to esola power. In the meantime, China's sola indust should prepare for a bump ide.

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